THIRTEENTH ANNUAL
NORTH CENTRAL SECTION MAA
TEAM CONTEST

November 14, 2009, 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon

NO BOOKS, NOTES, CALCULATORS, COMPUTERS OR NON-TEAM-MEMBERS may be consulted.

PLEASE BEGIN EACH PROBLEM ON A NEW SHEET OF PAPER. Team identification and problem number should be given at the top of each sheet of paper submitted.

Each problem counts 10 points. Partial credit for significant but incomplete work. For full credit, answers must be fully justified. But in some cases this may simply mean showing all work and reasoning. Have fun!

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1. Roots of a quadratic.

Given that one of the roots of the equation $x^2 - 2ax + m = 0$ is $a - b$, determine $m$ in terms of $a$ and $b$

2. Rational numbers.

Find the set of all real numbers $x$ for which

$$2x + \sqrt{4x^2 + 1} - \frac{1}{2x + \sqrt{4x^2 + 1}}$$

is a rational number.

3. Last integer odd.

One starts with the list 1, 2, 3, ..., 2009 of integers from 1 to 2009. In a single move one replaces any two elements $a$ and $b$ of the list by $|a - b|$. E.g., one may replace the elements 1604, 122 by 1482. The list may at times contain the same integer more than once. After 2008 moves a single integer remains. Prove that this last remaining integer is odd.

4. Smallest $C$.

Let $f(x) = 3x^2 + Cx^{-3}$ for $x > 0$, where $C$ is some positive constant. Find the smallest value of $C$ such that $f(x) \geq 20$ for all $x > 0$. You must adequately defend your answer.
5. Counting ordered quadruples of integers.

How many ordered quadruples of integers \((a, b, c, d)\) are there, with \(1 \leq a < b < c < d \leq 2009\), satisfying \(a + d = b + c\) and \(bc - ad = 2009\)?

6. Bases for \(F^3\) over \(F\).

Let \(F\) be the 5-element field of integers modulo 5, and \(V = F^3\) the vector space of dimension 3 over \(F\). Thus, \(V\) may be regarded as the set of ordered triples of elements of \(F\). A basis of \(V\) is an unordered linearly independent set of three vectors from \(V\). How many different bases does \(V\) have?

7. No consecutive heads.

A fair coin is tossed nine times in succession. What is the probability that there are no two consecutive heads? (The coin has two sides, one labelled heads and the other tails, each occurring with probability 1/2 each time the coin is tossed.)


Chords of length 3, 5, and 7 in a single circle subtend angles of \(\alpha\), \(\beta\), and \(\alpha + \beta\), respectively, where \(\alpha + \beta < \pi\). Find \(\cos \alpha\).


Through a point \(P\) inside a triangle \(RST\), three lines are drawn; one parallel to each of the sides. These lines partition \(RST\) into three triangles and three parallelograms. Let \(A_1\), \(A_2\), \(A_3\) be the areas of the three inner triangles and \(A\) the area of \(RST\). Show that
\[
\sqrt{\frac{A_1}{A}} + \sqrt{\frac{A_2}{A}} + \sqrt{\frac{A_3}{A}} = 1.
\]

10. Final digits of 2009\(^n\).

Prove that there is a positive integer \(n\) such that 2009\(^n\) in decimal form ends in 000...01, where the final digit 1 is immediately preceded by 2009 zeros.